SUB: BIOLOGY (CHAPTER:HUMAN REPRODUCTION) STANDARD: XII

a)Seminal Vesicles b) Seminiferous tubules c) Epididymis d) Vas Efferentia
2.What is the other name for Leydig cells? a) Sertoli cells b) Acinar cells c) Hepatic cells d) Interstitial cells
3.External opening of urethra is known as:a) Ostiab) Osculumc) Urethral meatusd) None
4.The male reproductive accessory glands include:a) Testisb) Seminal Vesiclesc) Prostate & Bulbourethral glandsd)B & C
5. Which of the following shows diploidity? a) Spermatid b) Spermatozoa c) Spermatogonium d) Secondary spermatocyte
6. Which of the following is a male sex accessory duct? a) Rete testis b) Vasa efferentia c) Epididymis & vas deferens d) All
7. Male gametes in humans provide nutrition by:a) Sertoli cells b) Bulbourethral cells c) Leydig cells d) Lobules
8. What is the function of scrotum? a) To maintain low temperature b) To maintain high temperature c) Heterothermal d) None
9. What is the composition of seminal plasma?a) Rich in fructose b) Rich in calcium c) Contains enzymes d) All
10. What is the other name for fallopian tube? a) Ampulla b) Fimbriae c) Oviduct d) All
11. Connective tissue that attach the ovaries with uterine wall and pelvic wall is: a) Ligament b) Tendon c) Areolar d) Adipose
12. Which of the following exhibits strong contraction during delivery of the baby? a) Perimetrium b) Endometrium c) Myometrium d) None
13. Hymen is associated with: a) Male genital system b) Female genital system c) Both A & B d) None
14. Which of the following is associated with female genital system?a) Epididymisb) Clitorisc) Vas efferensd) Seminal vesicle
15. Sucking of milk out takes place through: a) Mammary tubules b) Mammary duct c) Mammary ampullae d) Lactiferous duct
16. Identify gonadal mother cells from the following: a) Spermatogonia b) Oogonia c) Ootid & Spermatid d) A & B

17. Spermiation is the process of releasing of:a) Spermatidsb) Primary spermatocytes	c) Sperms	d) All				
18. Gonadotropic releasing hormone is secrete Hypothalamus b) Hypophysis c) N		d) Pars intermedia				
19. Hormone that stimulates the leydig cells is: Luteinizing hormone b) FSH c) GnR						
20. Mitochondria in a sperm are located in: Head b) Acrosome c) Middle pie	ce d) Tail					
21. Fluid filled cavity 'Antrum' is found in:Oogonia b) Primary follicle c) Tertiary follicle d) Secondary follicle						
22. Graffian follicle is formed from:Primary follicle b) Secondary follicle c) Tertiary follicle	d) None				
23. Polarbodies are formed during:Spermatogenesis b) Oogenesis c)	Embryogenesis	d) All				
24. What is common in both sperms and ovum Haploidity b) Diploidity c) Polyploid		ce of acrosome				
25. First meiotic division during oogenesis take After ovulation b) Prior to ovulation c	s place:) During embryogen	esis d) None				
26. Appearance of first menstruation at pubert Menopause b) Menarche c) Fertili						
27. Luteal phase during a menstrual cycle is alsProliferative phase b) Secretory phase	o known as: c) Reductive phase	d) Regenerative phase				
28. Function of corpus luteum is to secrete: Progesterone b) Estrogen c) Testost	erone d) All					
29. Cessation of menstrual cycle is termed as: Menarche b) Menopause c) Sterili	ty d) Abort	tion				
30. Whether human females are: Homogametic b) Heterogametic c) A	gametic d) Mo	nogametic				
31. The cells of morula are known as: Blastocysts b) Oviblasts c) Ovic	lasts d) Bla	stomeres				
32. Corona radiate lies: a) External to the zona pellucida b) Internal to the zona pellucida c) Along with periviteline space d) A & C						
33. Which part of the blastocyst attaches witha) Inner cell massb) Trophoblast	the surface of endor c) Ectoderm	metrium? d) Mesoderm				

34. The nature o	f post zygotic div	isions is of:				
a) Amitotic	b) Mitotic	c) Meiotic	d) Iregular			
35. Chorionc villi a) Endometrium		olast c) Myc	metrium	d) Perimetrium		
36. Which of the following is a placental homone? a) Human chorionic gonadotropin b) Relaxin c) Oxytocin d) None						
37. Stem cells ar a) Inner cell mas	•	rm c) Endode	rm d) M	esoderm		
38. First trimeste a) 12 weeks	•	s c) 36 wee	ks d) 4	weeks		
39. The first appearance of limbs and external genitalia take place during: a) 1 st trimester b) 2 nd trimester c) 3d trimester d) None						
40. Delivery of tha) Gestation	ne fetus after 9 m b) Gastrulatio	onths is known as on c) Partur		mplantation		
41. Colostrum is a) Antigens		c) Interfero	ns d) A	II		
42. What is the function of oxytocin is:a) Contraction of uterine muscles b) To lower the blood pressurec) To secrete milk d) To expand the ligament						
43. Milk in mamı a) Acinar cells	mary glands is se b) Hepatic cells	•	cytes d) Cells of alveoli		
44. A crosome is a) Chromosome	•	c) Oxysom	e d) Sp	permatozoan		
45. What would be the fate of menstruation if the ovum is not fertilized? a) Occurs for 3-5 days b) Does not occur c) Occurs for 5-10 days d) Occurs irregularly						
46. Umbilical lies between: a) Embryo and placenta b) Perimetrium and ovary c) Ovary and fallopian tube d) Placenta and ovary						
47. Relaxin is sec a) Endometrium	•	c) Pituitary gla	ınd d) Hy	pothalamus		
48. Uterus is commonly called as: a) Body cavity b) Womb c) Stomach d) Bladder						
49. Number of to a) 50 b) 1		ound in each test d) 250	is is:			

50. Number of mammary lobes in each mammary gland is:

a) 15-20

b) 50-100

c) 100-150

d) 200

Answer key

1. A

2. D

3. C

4. D

5. C

6. D

7. A

8. A

9. D

10. C

11. A 12. D

13. B

14. B

15. C

16. D

17. C 18. A

19. A

20. C

21. C

22. C 23. B

24. A

25. A

26. B

27. B

28. A

29. B

30. A

31. B

32. A

33. B

34. B

35. B

36. A

37. A

38. A

39. A 40. C

41. B

42. A

43. D

44. D 45. A

46. A

47. B

48. B

49. D 50. A

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